ITEM #: CCC-008, CCC-090

JOHN PAUL MITCHELL SYSTEMS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PAUL MITCHELL COLOR CRAFT LIQUID COLOR CONCENTRATE MANDARIN

Date: 17/01/2017

Section 1: Identification of the substance/ mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

PF015937 - PF015945 PAUL MITCHELL COLOR CRAFT LIQUID COLOR CONCENTRATE MANDARIN

1.2 Relevant identified uses

cosmetic product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

BEAUTY & BUSINESS S.P.A.
Via Ciserano, snc - 24046
Oslo Sotto (BG) - ITALY
Tel.: 035 4197798
Fax: 035 4197734
e-mail: B&B@jpms.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

BEAUTY & BUSINESS S.P.A.
Tel.: 035 4197798 (office hours)

Section 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance/mixture according to (EC) 1272/2008

2.2 Label

Hazard statement:
EUH208 Contains BASIC ORANGE 31, may produce an allergic reaction

2.3 Additional hazards

None

Section 3: Composition/ information on ingredients

3.1 Substances:
Not applicable

3.2 Mixture:
<1 % BASIC ORANGE 31
CAS#: 97404-02-9 EINECS#: 230-159-8
Eye Dam. 1 H318 – Acute Tox. 4 H302 – Skin Sens. 1 H317
<1 % BASIC YELLOW 87
CAS#: 68259-00-7 EINECS#: 269-503-2
Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Move victim to a well-ventilated place or into fresh air; in case of malaise get medical advice.

Skin contact
Wash off with plenty of water. Change clothing if necessary. If irritation persists, or tissue damage shows, seek for medical advice.

Eye contact
Flush eyes under running water for a few minutes, keeping eyelids well opened. If pain persists, seek for medical advice.

Ingestion
Do not induce vomiting, unless after obtaining medical authorization to do so. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician, showing the safety data sheet.

4.2 Main symptoms
Symptoms and effects known are reported in Section 2 and/or Section 11. Other effects are possible.

4.3 Indications for medical intervention and/or specific treatments
Treatment: symptomatic treatment.

Section 5: Fire fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Water, CO₂, foam, dry powder, depending on the materials affected by the fire.

5.2 Special hazards by the product/itself
In case of fire, carbon oxides can be released. In some case, if fire occurs, some dangerous combustion products can be released.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters
Avoid breathing fumes.
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus if necessary.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protection equipment and emergency procedures:
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus, gloves and protective clothes.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Limit leakages and spillage with sand or soil.
If product has drained into streams or drainage system, or has contaminated soil or plants, warn authorities.

6.3 Methods for materials for containment
JOHN PAUL MITCHELL SYSTEMS

Quickly collect the product wearing protective mask and clothing. If the product is in a liquid form, prevent it going into the sewer system. Eventually absorb with inert material. After collecting residues, wash interested zone and materials with water.

6.4 Reference to other sections
Where appropriate, reference is made to sections 8 and 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage
For transport, storage and handling only use suitable materials.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact and inhalation of vapours. See also paragraph 8. When using do not eat or drink.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in a cool and dry place. Avoid direct exposure to the sun. Keep away from open flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. No smoking. Make sure there is adequate ventilation.

7.3 Specific final uses
No data available

Section 8: Exposure controls/ personal protection

8.1 Control parameters
No data available

8.2 Exposure control
Personal protective equipment
General protective and hygienic measures. At work do not eat, drink or smoke. Use of appropriate protection measures for hands, eyes, skin and respiratory system. The manufacturer of the protective equipment should ensure that the means are appropriate to the concerned product.

Respiratory protection
If threshold value for daily exposure in the workplace is exceeded, wear a half-mask type FFP3 (ref. STANDARD EN 141). In the case the substance is odorless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit, or in case of emergency, i.e. when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear a compressed air breathing apparatus (EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (EN 138).

Hand protection
Protect your hands with gloves category II (ref. Dir. 89/686 / EEC and standard EN 374) such as PVC, nitrile, neoprene or equivalent.

Eye protection
Safety glasses with side shields (EN 166).

Additional information about design of technical facilities
Workplace must be adequately ventilated. Where possible, install localized air intake system and effective system for general air exchange. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapors below the exposure limit, you will need to make use of appropriate respiratory protection.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Aspect and colour: Gel dark orange fluid
Odour: characteristic
Flash point: Not flammable
pH: 3.5 - 4.0
JOHN PAUL MITCHELL SYSTEMS

Density: 0.990 - 1.010 g/cc
Viscosity: 2500 - 3500 cPs

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
There are no data available on the product itself.

10.2 Chemical stability
The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage (refer to paragraph 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazard reactions
None relevant.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Avoid high temperatures. Keep the product away from open flames. Avoid to expose the container to the direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Strong acids, strong oxidants.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
The combustion can release carbon oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

No toxicological data available on the product itself. Consider then, the concentration of each substance in assessing the toxicological effects deriving from the preparation.

Information available upon request

Section 12: Ecological informations

Adopt good working practices, avoiding littering.

12.1 Toxicity
Information available upon request.

12.2 Persistence
No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No data available.

12.4 Motility in soil
No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT e vPvB assessment
No data available.

12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available.
Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Methods of treatment of the waste
Operate in compliance with local and national regulations.

Contaminated packaging
Collect all residues and contaminated packaging. After an appropriate cleaning, packaging can be recycled. Uncleaned packaging must be disposed of under the same requirements of the product.

Section 14: Transport information

UN#: Not dangerous
Proper shipping name: Not dangerous
Class: Not dangerous
Packaging group: Not dangerous

Section 15: Regulatory information

Regulations:
1907/2006/CE (Reach)
1272/2008/CE (CLP)
1223/2009 CD (EU Cosmetic Regulation)
In the EU, finished cosmetic products are exempt from any obligations of classification and hazard labeling, as well as from provisions concerning safety data sheets [(Reg. (EC) 1907/2006, art. 2, comma 6, letter b) and Reg. (EC) 1272/2008 art. 1, comma 5, letter c)].

Evaluation of chemical security
No data available

Section 16: Other information
The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience at the date indicated above. The user must verify the suitability and completeness of such information, in relation to the particular use intended. This safety data sheet cancels and replaces any previous releases of the same.